# PERFORMANCE OF MALAYSIAN EQUITY UNIT TRUST: SELECTIVITY

Thesis submitted to the Faculty of Finance and Banking,
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in partial fulfillment for the requirements for the degree
Master of Science (Finance)
Universiti Utara Malaysia

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# Fakulti Kewangan dan Perbankan (Faculty of Finance and Banking) Universiti Utara Malaysia

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# ABSTRAK (BAHASA MALAYSIA)

Kajian ini menguji prestasi saham amanah di Malaysia dengan memfokuskan kepada keupayaan memilih pengurus dana di dalam usaha mereka untuk memberikan keuntungan kepada para pelabur. Sebanyak 41 dana saham amanah berasaskan ekuiti telah digunakan sebagai sampel untuk 120 bulan iaitu dari tahun 1995 sehingga 2004. Kajian ini juga mengambil kira masalah heteroskedastisiti yang berlaku dan rentetan daripada itu, kajian ini terbahagi kepada dua bahagian iaitu sebelum dan selepas masalah heteroskedastisiti dilaraskan. Keupayaan pemilihan negatif telah didapati daripada sepuluh dana sebelum pelarasan terhadap masalah heterokedastisiti dibuat manakala selepas masalah heteroskedastisiti dilaraskan, terdapat sebelas dana menunjukkan keupayaan pemilihan yang negatif. Dapatan kajian menunjukkan bahawa saham amanah di Malaysia masih tidak dapat memberikan pulangan yang baik kepada para pelabur. Sebahagian daripada pengurus dana tidak mempunyai keupayaan untuk bertindak lebih baik daripada pengurus yang mengunakan strategi beli dan pegang yang naif. Dapatan kajian ini konsisten dengan Shamsher dll. (2000), Firth (1997), Chang dan Lewellen (1985), Hendriksson (1984) yang menyatakan bahawa kebanyakan pengurus dana tidak mempunyai keupayaan memilih sekuriti yang dapat memberikan pulangan melebihi pulangan pasaran.

# **ABSTRACT (ENGLISH)**

This study measures the performance of unit trusts in Malaysia by focusing on the selection abilities of fund managers in their effort to give better return to the investors. There were 41 equity unit trusts funds used as a sample for 120 months that is from 1995 until 2004. This study considers heteroscedasticity problems and therefore, the findings had been separated into two parts that is before and after correcting for heteroscedasticity problem. Negative selectivities are observed in ten funds before the adjustment of heteroscedasticity whereas when this problem has been corrected, there are eleven funds that show negative selectivities. The findings give an indication that the unit trusts funds in Malaysia are not able to give a better return to investors. Some of the fund managers do not have an ability to do better than those managers that are using the naïve buy and hold strategy. This result is consistent to Shamsher *et a.l* (2000), Firth (1997), Chang and Lewellen (1985) and Henriksson (1984), who conclude that the fund managers did not have an ability to select securities that can provide returns that are more than the market returns.

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Thank you.

# **DEDICATION**

I dedicate this

effort of mine to

My Loving Parents,

Md. Radzi Ismail and Sharifah Zabidah S. Yusoff

My Loving Brothers,

Rizal, Razif, Rizam;

My Loving Sister,

Rahayu

Brother-in-laws & Sister-in-laws,

Nor Intan Adha Hafit, Abdul Rahman Saidee Mohd. Afkar friends.

for their continuing support,
endless encouragement
and prayers...

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### **CHAPTER ONE**

### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Introduction

Almost all studies on unit trust performance focus on the ability of the fund managers to outperform the market. Most of the previous studies concentrate on the developed countries and a few on emerging countries.

This paper explores the performance of Malaysian's equity unit trust funds by looking into selection abilities of fund managers. These various types of equity unit trust provide an avenue for us to examine whether the fund managers of equity unit trust in Malaysia are able to include quality securities in their portfolio. Although some of the observations come from the same companies, the different types of funds might lead to different outcomes in terms of selection abilities of fund managers.

# 1.2 Historical Development of Unit Trust Industry in Malaysia

Malaysia is one of the pioneers in introducing unit trust as an investment tools in Asia as compared to other Asian countries. Although unit trust industry in Malaysia has existed for almost 50 years, it is relatively still a new industry. At present, other government bodies and the banking and finance companies have created healthy competitions by creating and launching relevant products that best meet the requirements and needs of investors.

# The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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