ADOPTION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AMONG
MANUFACTURING FIRMS IN TAMPOI, JOHOR

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MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA
2008
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to my grandfather, my parents, my sisters, my uncle

and my ever supportive PC...
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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to examine the extent of information technology adoption among manufacturing firms located in Tampoi, Johor. This study examines the likelihood of information technology adoption based on CEO characteristics, organization characteristics, information technology characteristics and environmental characteristics in order to identify the extent of information technology adoption in manufacturing firms. The identification of factors that contribute most to information technology adoption deepens current understanding of how effective information technology planning is being carried out in firms. Such findings are necessary and lay the foundation for the eventual development of effective information technology adoption strategies for firms. The findings show that factors that influence the adoption of information technology include CEO characteristics and organizational characteristics. This study concludes that regardless of the firm size, CEO innovativeness, CEO attitude towards adoption of information technology and CEO information technology knowledge are essential determinants to the adoption of information technology in manufacturing firms.
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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Introduction

In recent years, technology has become an ever increasing presence in the workplace and is one of the hot topics in the business world. More and more businesses in the Malaysian industry had incorporated the latest technology into their operations. This is because technology has become a major facilitator of business activities as networked computing is helping businesses to excel or to survive. Systems used to record and analyze data and for business transactions are considered lifelines for many firms.

The Malaysian industry consists of manufacturing and non-manufacturing firms that range from small, medium to big firms. It includes firms from electrical, food, machinery, petroleum, plastics or rubber, pharmaceutical to service sector, non-profit organization and government sector that used information technologies to support the operations of the firm. This is evident by the fact that firms have information technology and information systems departments as the key components in their organizations.
The contents of the thesis is for internal user only
innovation can be applied to the study of adoption of information technology in the context of manufacturing firms.

The above mentioned findings have important implications. More computer based management information systems research must be conducted in manufacturing firms setting. Manufacturing firms should allocate their information technology related resources in terms of monetary and manpower effectively, in order to avoid firms spending too much money on equipment and not enough on software and personnel.
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