SELF-APPRAISAL AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO ORGANISATIONAL COMMITMENT AND JOB INVOLVEMENT

A thesis submitted to the Graduate School in partial **fulfilment** of the **requirements** for the degree Master of Science (Management), **UNIVERSITI** UTARA MALAYSIA

> **by** Lim **Soo** Giap

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(Penyelia Utama/Principal Supervisor)	
Nama <i>(Name</i>) <mark>En.</mark> Razli Che Razak	(Signature)
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Abstrak

PENILAIAN SENDIRI SERTA PERHUBUNGANGNYA DENGAN KOMMITMEN ORGANISASI DAN PENGLIBATAN DALAM PEKERJAAN

Kajian ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi penilaian sendiri percapaian pekerja. Sampel yang diiji adalah pensyarah-pensyarah yang bertugas di Institut Teknologi Mara Perlis. Pembolehubah tak bersandar yang dikaji adalah Umur, Jantina, Pengalaman Bekerja, Kommitmen organisasi, Penglibatan Dalam Pekerjaan. Disamping itu, pembolehubah adalah penilaian sendiri percapaian pekerja. Soal selidik ini dipra-uji untk memastikan kesahan dan kebolehpercayaan. Keputusan ujian menghasilkan Alpha Cronbach = 0.91

Statistik Diskriptif, Korelasi Pearson dan Multiple Regresi Analisis digunakan untuk memeriksa hubungan antara pembolehubah tak bersandar dengan pembolehubah bersandar.

Keputusan kajian ini menunjukkan hubungan signifikan dan positif antara umur, kommitmen organisasi, serta penglibatan dalam pekerjaan dengan penilaian sendiri percapaian pekerja. Multiple Regresi Analisis menunjukkan 33.3% variabiliti dalam penilaian sendiri percapaian pekerja yang dikaji itu boleh diterang oleh kelima-lima pembolehubah tak bersandar (Umur, Jantina, Pengalaman Bekerja, Kommitmen organisasi, Penglibatan Dalam Pekerjaan). Pembolehubah yang paling baik untuk meramalkan pembolehubah dalam penilaian sendiri percapaian pekerja ialah penglibatan dalam pekerjaan.

ABSTRACT

SELF APPRAISAL AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO ORGANISATIONAL COMMITMENT AND JOB INVOLVEMENT.

This study sought to investigate factors **influencing** employee **self-evaluated** performance of **Mara** Institute of Technology in **Perlis**. Age, Gender, Job Experience, Organisational Commitment, Job Involvement are the independent variables under this study. The dependent variable is Employee **Performance** dimension. The instrument was pre-test for validity and reliability. The results yielded an internal consistency of Cronbach's Alpha = 0.91

Descriptive Statistics, Pearson's Correlation and Multiple Regression Analysis are used to investigate the relationship between Age, Gender, Job Experience, Organisational Commitment, Job Involvement with Employee Performance.

The findings showed that there were significant and positive correlations between age, organisational commitment, job involvement and employee self evaluated performance. Multiple Regression Analysis has shown that 33.3% of the observed variability in employee self-evaluated performance could be explained by the five independent variables (age, gender, job experience, organisational commitment, job involvement).

The best predictor of the employee **self-** evaluated performance was found to be job involvement.

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CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.O INTRODUCTION

1.1 CONTEXT OF THE PROBLEM

It has been estimated that about 95% of performance appraisal programs involve top-down evaluations (Mount, 1984). There has been however, a growing **dissatisfaction** with this kind of approach. Based on their interviews of 111 state government managers and professionals, Finn and Fontain (1984) concluded that neither supervisors nor subordinates viewed their current performance appraisal system as being useful. Both academicians and scholars have expressed the need to consider alternative approaches to remedy the shortcomings of the current system. **Specifically**, subordinate self-appraisal has been recommended for implementation in industry as well as in public-sector **organisations** as part of a multiple appraisal system.

With today's emphasis on "TQM," it seems clear that the performance appraisal should be a significant concern for enlightened public relations

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