FACTORS INFLUENCING SELECTION OF ISLAMIC BANKING IN THAILAND: THE MEDIATING EFFECT OF CONFIDENCE

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By

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Thesis Submitted to Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business, Universiti Utara Malaysia, in Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the thesis is based on my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously or concurrently submitted for any other degree at UUM or other institutions.

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ABSTRACT

The main purpose of this study is to identify factors influencing customers' decision to select with confidence Islamic banking in southern parts of Thailand as the mediating variable. Based on the Intermediation Theory and Consumer Behavior Theory, banks are to act as intermediaries by utilizing the depositors' money to provide banking products and services which meet their customers' needs and expectations. Gaining customers' confidence is important as banking business is based on trust and integrity. Hence, as mediating variable, customers' confidence in the way Islamic banking is conducted is hypothesized to strengthen the customers' decision to select Islamic banking in Thailand. This study employs a survey method, factor analysis and structural equation modeling. Self-administered questionnaires were obtained from 300 Islamic bank customers (representing 67 percent response rate). Based on the results, the study finds that 51.7 percent of the Islamic bank customers in southern Thailand are corporate customers; and they are mostly women entrepreneurs. This is an important demographic trend finding which shows that working women are becoming more extensive users of Islamic banking products and services. Based on factor analysis, factors which emerge as important in determining customers' confidence in Thailand are religion, reputation, knowledge, attitude, convenience and service. While confidence and religious motives are direct, and significantly related to bank selection, confidence is found to have a positive while religious motive a negative influence on Islamic bank selection. In terms of mediation effect, attitude, convenience and reputation through confidence exhibit full mediation effect. The findings imply that Islamic banks should emphasize on efforts to gain customers' confidence through better Syariah governance, human resource development, knowledge dissemination and promotions to ensure customers select Islamic bank as their principal banker.

Keywords: Confidence, Islamic Banking, Bank Selection Decision

ABSTRAK

Tujuan utama kajian ini ialah untuk mengenal pasti factor-faktor yang mempengaruhi keputusan pelanggan memilih perbankan Islam di Thailand selatan dengan keyakinan pelanggan sebagai faktor Berdasarkan menggunakan mediator. Intermediation Theory dan Consumer Behaviour Theory, bank-bank bertindak sebagai pengantara dalam menggunakan dana pendeposit untuk menawarkan produk dan perkhidmatan perbankan yang memenuhi kehendak dan harapan pelanggan. Memperolehi kepercayaan pelanggan adalah penting kerana perniagaan perbankan adalah berteraskan kepercayaan dan integriti. Justru, hipotesis kajian ialah kepercayaan yang bertindak sebagai mediating variable dalam mengendalikan perbankan Islam di andaikan dapat mengukuhkan keputusan pelanggan untuk memilih perbankan Islam di Thailand. Kajian ini menggunakan kaedah survey, analisis faktor dan structural equation modeling. Soal-selidik yang di uruskan sendiri oleh penyelidik telah dapat di kumpulkan daripada 300 pelanggan perbankan Islam (mewakili 67 peratus kadar maklumbalas). Berasaskan kepada keputusan, kajian ini mendapati 51.7 peratus daripada pelanggan perbankan Islam di Thailand selatan adalah pelanggan korporat yang kebanyakannya terdiri daripada usahawan wanita. Dapatan ini ialah menunjukkansatu tren demograpi yang memaparkan bahawa wanita yang berkerjaya merupakan pengguna yang banyak menggunakan produk dan perkhidmatan perbankan Islam. Berdasarkan analisis faktor, faktor-faktor yang signifikan mempengaruhi keyakinan ia lah agama, reputasi, pengetahuan, sikap, keselesaan dan perkhidmatan. Kajian mendapati keyakinan dan motif keagamaan mempunyai hubungan terus dengan pemilihan perbankan Islam, namun hubungan keyakinan dengan pemilihan perbankan Islam adalah positif, sedangkan motif keagamaan adalah negatif. Dari segi kesan mediasi keyakinan, faktor sikap, keselesaan dan reputasi menunjukkan kesan mediasi yang kuat serta positif terhadap pemilihan perbankan Islam. Dapatan ini memberi implikasi bahawa bank Islam patut memberi penekanan kepada usaha meningkatkan keyakinan pelanggan melalui syariah tadbir urus, pembangunan sumber manusia, penyebaran pengetahuan dan promosi untuk menggalak pelanggan memilih bank Islam sebagai bank utama mereka.

Kata kunci: Keyakinan, Perbankan Islam, Keputusan Pemilihan Bank

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viii

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PA	GE	i
CERTIFIC	CATION OF THESIS WORK	ii
DECLARA		iv
PERMISSI	ION TO USE	v
ABSTRAC	Т	vi
ABSTRAK		vii
ACKNOW	LEDGMENT	viii
TABLE CO	DNTENTS	ix
LIST OF T	ABLES	xiv
LIST OF F	IGURES	xvi
CHAPTER	CONE: INTRODUCTION	
1.0	Background of the Study	1
1.1	Problem Statement	9
1.2	Research Questions	14
1.3	Research Objectives	14
	1.3.1 Main objectives	14
	1.3.2 Supplementary objectives	14
1.4	Significance of the study	15
1.5	Scope and limitation of the Study	15
1.6	Organization of the Thesis	17
	TWO: AN OVERVIEW OF ISLAMIC BANKING	
2.0	Introduction	18
2.1	The Philosophy of Islamic Economics	18
	2.1.1 Earning and Expenditure by Halal Means.	19
	2.1.2 Right to Property and Individual Liberty	20
	2.1.3 System of Welfare Contribution (<i>Zakaat</i>).	20
	2.1.4 Prohibition of Interest (<i>Riba</i>).	21
	2.1.5 Law of Inheritance (<i>Mirath</i>).	22
2.2	The Philosophy of Islamic Business	26
2.3	Marketing from Islamic Perspective	36
	2.3.1 Strategy (<i>Hikmah</i>)	37
	2.3.2 Need $(T_{multiple}, t)$	37
	2.3.3 Halal (<i>Tayyibat</i>)2.3.4 Mutual Consent	38
	2.3.4 Welfare (<i>Falah</i>)	39 39
2.4	The Need for Islamic Marketing	39 40
2.4	Fundamental Philosophy of Islamic Marketing	40 41
2.3	2.5.1 Islamic Perspectives on Marketing	41
	2.5.1 Characteristics of Islamic Marketing	41
	2.5.2.1 Spiritualistic.	42
	2.5.2.2 Ethical	43
	2.5.2.3 Realistic	44

	2.5.2.4 Humanistic.	46
2.6	Religion as Marketing Tool	46
	2.6.1 Objectives of Islamic Marketing	47
	2.6.2 Religious Teaching as a Marketing Tool	48
2.7	Implementing the Objectives of Islamic Marketing Strategy	51
	2.7.1 Fundamental Elements of Islamic Marketing Strategy	53
	2.7.2 Islamic Marketing and the Challenges	57
2.8	Islamic Marketing in the Islamic Banking Industry	58
2.9	The Objectives of Islamic Banks	60
2.10	The Formulation of Islamic Banking	62
2.11	The Development of Islamic Banking	66
2.12	The Development of Financial Institutions in Thailand	69
	2.12.1 Early Period (1885-1990)	69
	2.12.2 Globalized Era (1990-present)	70
2.13	The Financial Institutions System in Thailand	70
	2.13.1 The Banking Institutions	73
	a. Commercial Banks	74
	b. Restricted-likened Banks	75
	c. International Banking Facilities	76
	2.13.2 The Non-banking Institutions	76
	a. Finance Companies	77
	b. Assets Management Companies	77
	2.13.3 Specialized Financial Institutions (SPIs)	77
2.14	The Historical and Development of Thai Commercial Banks	78
	2.14.1 First period (1888-1931)	78
	2.14.2 Second period (1941-1945)	80
	2.14.3 Third period (1946-1961)	80
0.15	2.14.4 Fourth period (1962-2009)	81
2.15	The Islamic Banking System in Thailand	81
	2.15.1 The Feature of Islamic Banking system in Thailand	81
	2.15.2 The Development of Islamic banking system in Thailand	82
	2.15.3 Islamic full – fledged Bank (Islamic Bank of Thailand) a. Shareholding Structure of Islamic Bank of Thailand	83 84
	b. The Performance of Islamic Bank of Thailand	85
2.16	Summary	92
2.10	Summary	2
CHAPTER 7	THREE: LITERATURE REVIEW	
3.0	Introduction	94
3.1	Related Theories from Conventional Perspective	94
	3.1.1 Theory of financial institution	96
	3.1.2 Theory of consumer behavior	96
	3.1.3 Black Box Theory	97
3.2	The Concept of Consumer Buying Behavior	100
	3.2.1 Size and Concentration	100
	3.2.2 Multiple Decision Makers and Complex Decisions	101
	3.2.3 Close and Intricate Relationships	101

	3.2.4 Professional Buyers	102
3.3	Consumer Buying Behavior Model	103
	3.3.1 AIDA Model	104
	3.3.2 Engel-Kollat-Blachwell Model	105
	3.3.3 Nicosia Model	106
	3.3.4 Howard-Sheth Model	106
	3.3.5 Webster and Wind Model	107
	a. Environmental Factors	108
	b. Organizational Factors	108
	c. Interpersonal Relationships	108
	d. Individual Factors (Internal Factors)	109
3.4	Theory of Planned Behavior	109
3.5	Consumer Decision Making Theory	111
3.6	Theory from Islamic perspective	115
	3.6.1 Theory of Financial Intermediation from Islamic	
	Perspective	118
	3.6.2 Principles of <i>Shariah</i> in the Financial Services Delivery	118
	3.6.3 Theory of Consumer Buying Behavior from	
	Islamic Perspective	120
	a. The Belief in the Last Day	120
	b. The Islamic concept of success	121
	c. The Islamic concept of riches	121
3.7	Past Studies	123
	3.7.1 Confidence	125
	3.7.2 Bank selection decision	127
	3.7.3 Religious motive	161
	3.7.4 Bank reputation	161
	3.7.5 Customers Knowledge	162
	3.7.6 Customers Attitude	163
	3.7.7 Conveniences	164
	3.7.8 Service	164
3.7	Summary	166
	FOUR: METHODOLOGY	
4.0	Introduction	167
4.1	Research Framework	167
4.2	Hypothesis Development	170
	4.2.1 Religion to confidence	170
	4.2.2 Reputation to confidence	171
	4.2.3 Costumer knowledge to confidence	172
	4.2.4 Costumer attitude to confidence	173
	4.2.5 Convenience to confidence	173
	4.2.6 Service to confidence	174
4.0	4.2.7 Confidence to bank selection decision	174
4.3	Research design	175
4.4	Measurement and Variable Operationalization	177
	4.4.1 Confidence	178

	4.4.2 Bank Selection Decision	178
	4.4.3 Religion	179
	4.4.4 Reputation	179
	4.4.5 Customer Knowledge	180
	4.4.6 Customer attitude	181
	4.4.7 Convenience	183
	4.4.8 Service	183
4.5	Data Collection	184
	4.5.1 Sampling Method	184
	4.5.2 Instrumentation	185
	4.5.3 Data Collection Procedure	186
4.6	Reliability and Validity Assessment	186
	4.6.1 Validity test	187
4.7	Techniques of Data Analysis	187
	4.7.1 Descriptive Statistics	188
	4.7.2 Correlation	188
	4.7.3 Factor Analysis	188
	4.7.4 Structural Equation Modeling	189
	a) Goodness of Fit Index	190
	b) Mediation Effect Using SEM	192
	4.7.5 Mathematical model	194
4.8	Summary	195
	TIVE: RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
5.0	Introduction	196
5.1	Descriptive Statistics	196
	5.1.1 Profile of the Respondents	196
	5.1.2 Factors Determining Islamic Bank Selection	200
	5.1.3 The Customer' knowledge on Islamic Bank	202
	5.1.4 The Customer Attitude towards Islamic Banking	205
5.2	Factor Analysis	208
	5.2.1 Factor Analysis on Knowledge	208
	5.2.2 Factor Analysis on Attitude	211
	5.2.3 Factor Analysis on Bank Selection Criteria	213
5.3	Validity Test	217
5.4	Correlation Analysis	220
5.5	SEM Results	222
	5.5.1 Hypothesized Model	224
	5.5.2 Generated Parsimonious Model	225
	5.3.3 Direct Hypothesis Results	226
5.6	Mediating Effect of Confidence Analysis of Generated Model	228
	5.6.1 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between attitude and bank selection decision	229
	5.6.2 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between convenience and bank selection decision	230
	5.6.3 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between reputation and bank selection decision	231

	5.6.4 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between knowledge and bank selection decision	232
	5.6.5 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between service and bank selection decision	233
	5.6.6 Mediating Effect of Confidence in the relationship	
	between religion and bank selection decision	234
5.7	Path Analysis	235
	5.7.1 Direct Path	235
	5.7.2 Indirect Path	235
5.8	Summary	237
CHAPTER	SIX: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION	
6.0	Introduction	238
6.1	Objective One: To document profile of Islamic	
	Banking customer	239
6.2	Objective Two: To identify factors determining	
	Islamic banking	240
6.3	Objective Three: To investigate the mediating impact of	
	customer confidence in relation to Islamic bank selection	243
6.4	Objective Four: To conduct path analysis between	
	determinants of confidence and bank selection decision.	244
6.5	Implication of the Study	246
	6.5.1. Policy implication	247
	6.5.2. Practical implication	248
	6.5.3. Marketing implication	249
6.6	Limitation and future research	254
REFEREN	CES	256
APPENDIX	K (A)	280
APPENDIX		286
APPENDIX		300
	APERS PRESENTED IN CONFERENCE	307
	ALENG I NEGENTED IN CONFERENCE	507

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
Table 2.1	Principles of Islamic Marketing	53
Table 2.2	Range of Islamic Banking Products and Services	64
Table 2.3	Development of the Islamic Economics and Finance in Modern History	68
Table 2.4	The Financial Institutions in Thailand	71
Table 2.5	Assets of the Financial System in Thailand	73
Table 2.6	The Major Shareholders of the Islamic Bank of Thailand as of 31 December 2008	84
Table 2.7	Key Feature of Islamic Bank of Thailand (million Bath)	85
Table 2.8	Financing to Major Economic Sector	87
Table 3.1	Black Box Model	99
Table 3.2	Summary of Literature on Decision Making Determinants	114
Table 3.3	Main Principles in Islamic Finance	119
Table 3.4	Summary of Banking Personal Customer Behaviour	136
Table 3.5	Summary of the banking corporate customer behaviour	143
Table 3.6	Studies on Islamic Banking Selection	151
Table 3.7	Summary of Customer Buying Behaviour in Islamic Banking	156
Table 3.8	Summary of Bank Selection Decision	160
Table 4.1	Summary of Variables and Measurement of Instruments	178
Table 4.2	Reliability Level of Instruments during Pilot Study	187
Table 5.1	Respondents' Profile	197
Table 5.2	Corporate Customer Respondents' Profile	199
Table 5.3	Factors Influencing Islamic Bank Selection	201
Table 5.4	Knowing the Existence of the Islamic Banking System	203
Table 5.5	Customers' Knowledge on Islamic Banking Product and Service	204
Table 5.6	Attitude on the Prospect of Islamic Banking System	206
Table 5.7	Factor Analysis on Knowledge	210
Table 5.8	Factor Analysis on Attitude	212
Table 5.9	Factor Analysis on Bank selection criteria	215

Table		Page
Table 5.10	Internal Consistency Index	217
Table 5.11	Validity Test	218
Table 5.12	Correlation of Exogenous Constructs	221
Table 5.13	Goodness-of-fit of Hypothesized Model	224
Table 5.14	Goodness-of-Fit of Generated Model	226
Table 5.15	Direct Hypothesis Testing Results of Generated Model	227

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
Figure 3.1	AIDA Model	104
Figure 3.2	The Buyer/Decision Model	105
Figure 3.3	Determinants of Organizational Buying	107
Figure 3.4	A Sample Model of Consumer Decision Making	112
Figure 3.5	Intermediation Theories from Islamic Perspective	117
Figure 4.1	The Conceptual Framework of the Study	169
Figure 4.2	The Map of Southern Provinces of Thailand: Yala, Pattani and Narathiwat	178
Figure 5.1	Hypothesized Model	223
Figure 5.2	Generated Model of Selection of Islamic Bank	225
Figure 5.3	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Attitude and Bank Selection Decision	229
Figure 5.4	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Convenience and Bank Selection Decision	230
Figure 5.5	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Reputation and Bank Selection Decision	231
Figure 5.6	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Knowledge and Bank Selection Decision	232
Figure 5.7	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Service and Bank Selection Decision	233
Figure 5.8	Mediating Effect of Confidence in the Relationship between Religion and Bank Selection Decision	234

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Background of the study

Banks have for long been important organizations with vital functions in society. In particular, banks as financial institutions play the role as intermediaries and facilitate the flow of funds from saving-surplus-units (SSUs) to savings-deficit-units (SDUs). Islamic banks similarly, operate as financial institutions that generate profit but based on principles of Islam or the *Shariah* Laws. Islamic law (*Shariah*) of commercial transaction is fundamentally rooted on the premise of total eradication of *riba* (usury), *gharar* (uncertainty), and *masir* (speculation). It balances the moral and material needs of a society to achieve socio-economic justice. Islamic banking has become an essential sector of the modern economy.

Islamic economic principles share risk and rewards in wealth creation by means of equity rather than debt. It promotes entrepreneurship and creativity in the economic cycle. In the Islamic economic model, each individual is involved in the economic activity. This differs from modern capitalism where profit maximization is the sole motive and the bank is broadly content with earning interest on the loan regardless of the social and financial implications of the business. In addition, the orientation of modern capitalism does not include God and society as its integral part of acquiring wealth. As such, it does not have any restriction in the way wealth is obtained. The different approaches in world view between Islam and modern capitalism is reflected in the

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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