# A STUDY ON EMPLOYEE'S TURNOVER INTENTION IN BANKING INDUSTRY

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ 

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Thesis submitted to
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### **ABSTRACT**

This purpose of this study is to identify factors contributing towards turnover intention among the bank employee especially CIMB Bank branches. The turnover intention can be measured in the aspect of job stress, working environment, and compensation salary and career growth. The survey method was used to collect primary data through the use of questionnaire to the bank employees attached at CIMB branches in Klang valley. Around 120 questionnaires were distributed and 100 questionnaires were successfully collected from the respondents. All the data was gathered from the respondents were analyzed using Statistical Package for Social Science 16.0 versions and using the descriptive and inferential statistics. There are two types of data analysis techniques adapted at this research which is descriptive analysis and inferential analysis techniques. Descriptive analysis technique is used to identify the background of respondents in the aspect of age, gender, marital status, years of experience, current position, race and qualification. However inferential analysis is used to determine the correlation relationship between independent variables such as working environment, job stress, and compensation salary and career growth with dependent variable which is turnover intention of CIMB employees in Klang valley branches. The result of the study shows that there is a moderate correlation between working environment factor with bank employees turnover intention compared to other variables such as job stress, compensation salary and career growth. This study has played an important role to identify variables or factors contributing towards employees' turnover intention in CIMB branches in Klang valley and also identified few steps to reduce the problem of turnover intention.

**Keywords**: Turnover Intention, Career Growth, Compensation, Job Stress and Environment.

### **ABSTRAK**

Kajian ini adalah bertujuan untuk mengenal pasti hubungan antara faktor-faktor yang menyumbang kepada niat perolehan kerja dalam kalangan pekerja CIMB bank di cawangan lembah Klang. Niat perolehan kerja dalam kalangan pekerja staff telah diukur dengan menggunakan faktor seperti tekanan kerja, persekitaran kerja, pampasan dan pertumbuhan kerjaya.Dengan itu, kaedah tinjauan telah digunakan untuk mengumpul data utama melalui soal selidik kepada pegawai-pegawai bank di seluruh cawangan di lembah klang.Sebanyak 120 soalselidik telah diedarkan dan hanya 100 borang telah berjaya dipungut kembali. Data yang diperolehi daripada responden telah dianalisis dengan menggunakan program Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS) versi 16.0. Antara kaedah analisis yang digunakan adalah teknik analisis diskriptif dan inferensi.Teknik analisis dikriptif telah digunakan untuk mengenal pasti latar belakang respondent dari segi gender ,umur ,status perkahwinan, pengalaman, jawatan yang disandang, bangsa dan taraf pendidikan. Manakala kaedah analisis teknik inferensi pula digunakan untuk mengkaji hubungan antara pemboleh ubah bebas iaitu persekitaran kerja, tekanan kerja, pampasan dan pertumbuhan kerja dengan pemboleh ubah sandar iaitu niat perolehan kerja di kalangan pekerja cawangan CIMB bank di lembah Klang. Hasil kajian menunjukkan terdapat satu kolerasi sederhana antara faktor persekitaran kerja dengan niat perolehan kerja dalam kalangan pekerja CIMB berbanding dengan faktor lain seperti tekanan kerja, pampasan dan pertumbuhan kerja. Kajian ini telah memainkan peranan penting untuk mengenalpasti pemboleh ubah yang menyumbang kepada niat perolehan kerja di kalangan pekerja CIMB bank dan beberapa langkah telah dibincangkan untuk mengatasi masalah ini.

**Kata Kunci**: Niat perolehan kerja, Pertumbuhan Kerjaya,Pampasan,Tekanan Kerja dan Persekitaran Kerja.

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Permission to Use	ii
Abstract	iii
Abstrak	iv
Acknowledgement	v
Table of Contents.	vi
List of Tables	x
List of Figures.	viii
List of Appendices.	xi
CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background	1
1.1.1 Overview of Banking Industry in Malaysia	5
1.1.2 Islamic Banking.	8
1.1.3 Investment Banking.	8
1.1.4 Commercial Banking	9
1.2 Research Problem	11
1.3 Research Questions	15
1.4 Research Objectives	16
1.5 The Importance and Contribution of the Study	17
1.5.1 Practitioner	17
1.5.2 Academician	18
1.6 Scope of study	18
1.7 Limitations of Study	19
1.8 Organization of the Thesis	20

# CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction.	22
2.2 Employee Turnover intention.	23
2.3 Job Stress.	29
2.3.1The relationship between Job Stress and Employee Turnover Intention	34
2.4 Working Environment.	36
2.4.1The relationship between Working Environment and Employee Turnover	
Intention	38
2.5 Compensation.	40
2.5.1 The relationship between Compensation and Employee Turnover Intention	43
2.6 Career Growth.	44
2.6.1 Relationship between Career Growth and Employee Turnover Intention	47
2.7 Theory of Maslow	48
2.8 Chapter Summary	52
CHAPTER THREE RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.1 Introduction	53
3.1 Introduction 3.2 Research Framework	
	54
3.2 Research Framework.	54
3.2 Research Framework. 3.3 Hypothesis Development.	54 55
<ul><li>3.2 Research Framework.</li><li>3.3 Hypothesis Development.</li><li>3.4 Research Design.</li></ul>	54 55 59
<ul><li>3.2 Research Framework.</li><li>3.3 Hypothesis Development.</li><li>3.4 Research Design.</li><li>3.5 Operational Definition.</li></ul>	54 55 59 60
3.2 Research Framework 3.3 Hypothesis Development 3.4 Research Design 3.5 Operational Definition 3.6 Instrument	54 55 59 60 65
3.2 Research Framework 3.3 Hypothesis Development 3.4 Research Design 3.5 Operational Definition 3.6 Instrument 3.6.1 Measurement Scale	54 55 59 60 65 72
3.2 Research Framework 3.3 Hypothesis Development 3.4 Research Design 3.5 Operational Definition 3.6 Instrument 3.6.1 Measurement Scale 3.6.1.1 Nominal Scale	54 55 60 65 72
3.2 Research Framework 3.3 Hypothesis Development 3.4 Research Design 3.5 Operational Definition 3.6 Instrument 3.6.1 Measurement Scale 3.6.1.1 Nominal Scale 3.6.1.2 Ordinal Scale	54 55 60 65 72 72
3.2 Research Framework 3.3 Hypothesis Development 3.4 Research Design 3.5 Operational Definition 3.6 Instrument 3.6.1 Measurement Scale 3.6.1.1 Nominal Scale 3.6.1.2 Ordinal Scale 3.6.2 Pilot Test	54 55 60 65 72 74

3.7.2 Secondary Data	76
3.8 Sampling Design.	77
3.8.1 Target Population.	77
3.8.2 Sample Size.	77
3.9 Data Collection Procedures.	78
3.9.1 Drop and Collect data	80
3.9.2 Online Survey.	82
3.10 Techniques of Data Analysis.	84
3.10.1 Descriptive Analysis.	84
3.10.2 Correlation Analysis.	85
3.10.3 Regression Analysis	85
3.11 Chapter Summary	86
CHAPTER FOUR RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
CHAPTER FOUR RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Introduction.	87
4.1 Introduction.	88
4.1 Introduction	88
4.1 Introduction 4.2 Descriptive Analysis 4.2.1 Background of the Respondent	88 90 92
<ul> <li>4.1 Introduction.</li> <li>4.2 Descriptive Analysis.</li> <li>4.2.1 Background of the Respondent.</li> <li>4.2.2 Descriptive Analysis of the Dependent Variable</li> </ul>	88 90 92 93
<ul> <li>4.1 Introduction.</li> <li>4.2 Descriptive Analysis.</li> <li>4.2.1 Background of the Respondent.</li> <li>4.2.2 Descriptive Analysis of the Dependent Variable.</li> <li>4.2.3 Descriptive Analysis of the Independent Variable.</li> </ul>	
4.1 Introduction 4.2 Descriptive Analysis 4.2.1 Background of the Respondent 4.2.2 Descriptive Analysis of the Dependent Variable 4.2.3 Descriptive Analysis of the Independent Variable 4.3 Correlation Analysis	
<ul> <li>4.1 Introduction</li></ul>	

# CHAPTER FIVE CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 Introduction	106
5.2 Assessment of the research objectives	107
5.2.1 Objective One	107
5.2.2 Objective Two	108
5.2.3 Objective Three	109
5.2.4 Objective Four	111
5.3 Theoretical and practical implications	112
5.3.1 Job Stress.	113
5.3.2 Working Environment	114
5.3.3 Compensation Salary	116
5.3.4 Career Growth	117
5.4 Recommendation for future research	119

### References

# Appendices

# **List of Tables**

Table 1.1 Overview of the number of financial institutions under the view	
of Bank Negara Malaysia	6
Table 1.2 Islamic Banks in Malaysia.	9
Table 1.3 List of Commercial banks in Malaysia	10
Table 2.1 Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs.	50
Table 3.1 Cronbach's Alfa Coefficient Result.	74
Table 3.2 Internal consistency for Cronbach's Alpha	75
Table 4.1 Demographic information of respondents	89
Table 4.2 Descriptive Analysis of Turnover Intention	92
Table 4.3 Descriptive Analysis on Job Stress variable	94
Table 4.4 Descriptive Analysis on working environment variables	95
Table 4.5 Descriptive Analysis of compensation variable	96
Table 4.6 Descriptive Analysis of career growth variable	97
Table 4.7 Correlation Analysis	99
Table 4.8 Summary of Regression Analysis.	104

# **List of Figures**

Figure 3.1: R	esearch Framework	54
	List of Appendices	
Appendix A	Questionnaire Set	132
Appendix B	Descriptive Analysis	136
Appendix C	Independent and Dependent Analysis	139
Appendix D	Pearson Correlation Analysis	141
Appendix E	Regression Analysis	142
Appendix F	Reliability Test	143
Appendix G	List of CIMB branches in Klang Valley	144

### **CHAPTER ONE**

### INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Background

According to Jha (2014) employee turnover has always been a matter of concern for all type organizations. Huge degree of employee turnover may be detrimental to both the organization as well as the employees. Jha (2014) says that turnover has an impact over the organization's costs relating to recruitment and selection, personnel process and induction, training of new personnel and above all, loss of knowledge gained by the employee while on job. Additionally, it results in understaffing which in turn lead to decreased effectiveness and productivity of the remaining staff (Hussain and Asif, 2012). Turnover may have a negative impact on the employee as well. The individual may lose non-vested benefits and may be a victim of the "grass looks greener" phenomenon. Most often, turnover intention is consequential to actual quitting behavior (Jha, 2014). Hence, it is imperative to understand the determinants of turnover intentions so as to arrest the outflow of key personnel and retain competitive edge.

# The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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