A MODEL OF SOFTWARE COMPONENT INTERACTIONS USING THE CALL GRAPH TECHNIQUE

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by Nooraini Ismail

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Abstrak

Maklumat interaksi yang berkaitan dengan operasi antara komponen adalah penting, terutama apabila program perlu diubahsuai dan diselenggara. Oleh itu, komponen yang terlibat perlu dikenal pasti dan dipadankan berdasarkan keperluan sistem. Maklumat berkenaan boleh diperolehi menggunakan teknik kod ulasan. Walau bagaimanapun, proses ini mengambil masa yang panjang. Penyelidikan ini mencadangkan suatu model untuk mewakili maklumat tersebut yang mana ia diperolehi secara automatik daripada kod sumber untuk menyediakan paparan yang berkesan untuk perwakilan interaksi antara komponen perisian. Untuk mencapai objektif kajian, metodologi reka bentuk kajian yang mengandungi lima fasa telah diadaptasikan iaitu kesedaran kepada masalah, cadangan, pembangunan, penilaian dan kesimpulan. Fasa pembangunan mempunyai proses yang lebih terperinci yang mana maklumat interaksi antara komponen perlu diperolehi secara automatik menggunakan peralatan kejuruteraan balikan dan program tambahan. Program ini digunakan untuk mendapatkan maklumat perisian, maklumat interaksi komponen dalam program perisian, dan untuk mewakili model dalam bentuk call graph. Graf yang dihasilkan ini dinilai melalui dua cara, iaitu menggunakan alatan penggambaran yang bersesuaian dan juga melalui kajian oleh pakar. Alatan penggambaran digunakan untuk memaparkan graf yang dihasilkan daripada format teks ke paparan grafik. Proses penilaian model pula dijalankan melalui teknik kajian pakar. Hasil kajian ini menunjukkan bahawa model yang terhasil boleh digunakan dan dimanipulasikan untuk tujuan menggambarkan maklumat interaksi antara komponen. Model ini boleh digunakan untuk menyediakan paparan penggambaran bagi penganalisis untuk melihat interaksi maklumat yang relevan dalam komponen perisian. Ia juga dalam meningkatkan pemahaman mengenai integrasi komponen itu sendiri, supaya penganalisis boleh memanipulasi dan mengekalkan perisian untuk tujuan tertentu.

Kata kunci: Model interaksi komponen, Perwakilan *call graph*, Kefahaman program, Alatan penggambaran

Abstract

Interaction information that is related to operations between components is important, especially when the program needs to be modified and maintained. Therefore, the affected components must be identified and matched based on the requirement of the system. This information can be obtained through performing the code review technique, which requires an analyst to search for specific information from the source code, which is a very time consuming process. This research proposed a model for representing software component interactions where this information was automatically extracted from the source code in order to provide an effective display for the software components interaction representation. The objective was achieved through applying a research design methodology, which consists of five phases: awareness of the problem, suggestion, development, evaluation, and conclusion. The development phase was conducted by automatically extracting the components' interaction information using appropriate reverse engineering tools and supporting programs that were developed in this research. These tools were used to extract software information, extract the information of component interactions in software programs, and transform this information into the proposed model, which was in the form of a call graph. The produced model was evaluated using a visualization tool and by expert review. The visualization tool was used to display the call graph from a text format into a graphical view. The processed model evaluation was conducted through an expert review technique. The findings from the model evaluation show that the produced model can be used and manipulated to visualize the component interactions. It provides a process that allows a visualization display for analysts to view the interaction of software components in order to comprehend the components integrations that are involved. This information can be manipulated and improved the program comprehension, especially for other software maintenance purposes.

Keywords: Component interaction model, Call graph representation, Program comprehension, Visualization tool

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CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

This chapter includes an overall research plan of this study by introducing the research foundation and motivation to be undertaken in this research. It also includes a detailed description of the issues to be studied, the research objectives, scope of the research, the research framework, and the contribution expected to be gained in this research.

1.2 Introduction

A software component can be a single element of software that can be integrated with other components (Szyperski, 1998). Two components are integrated if they can potentially react to the same events (Fiege, 2005), which is bypassing messages through their interfaces when the components are provided or required for specific events (Inverardi et al., 2003). The communication between components typically is realized by procedure calls or any kind of messaging (Bure et al., 2009).

When new components are integrated, a newly added component has an effect on another component and it can be used by other components. Because of this situation, the program may crash or immediately stop the execution of the system. For this reason, a programmer must scan through the program and investigate which components are causing the errors.

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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