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STRATEGIES THAT INFLUENCE EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT: A STUDY OF THE JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY LIMITED (JEPCO)



Thesis Submitted to Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate, College of Business, Universiti Utara Malaysia, in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Master of Human Resource Management

i

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ABSTRACT

Nowadays, the importance of retaining and attracting skilled Employees for the success of organization was recognized by business leaders. Therefore, organizations have progressively centered on Employee engagement in the last two decades as an approach to augment the skills and abilities of human resource. The increased focus on employee engagement was not surprising due to the benefit attached with it were clear. Furthermore, recent research has found that employee engagement not only enhance their job performance but is also helpful in skills up gradation. The purpose of this study is to examine and gain a better understanding of the strategies that influence the employee engagement in JEPCO. This study was done among 108 staffs in JEPCO. The data were collected through questionnaires and analyzed by using (SPSS). Throughout the statistical analysis – correlation analysis, it is found that there is a significant relationship between the three independent variables namely Employee Communication, Rewards system and leadership support with the dependent variables, Employee Engagement. Among all three independent variable, leadership support is found to be the most independent variable in driving the employee engagement in JEPCO.

Keyword: Employee Engagement, Leadership Style, Reward System, Communication, Performance.

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ABSTRAK

Kepentingan mengekalkan dan menarik Pekerja mahir untuk kejayaan sesebuah organisasi telah diiktiraf oleh pemimpin perniagaan. Oleh itu, organisasi telah beransuransur tertumpu kepada penglibatan pekerja dalam dua dekad yang lalu sebagai satu pendekatan untuk meningkatkan kemahiran dan kebolehan sumber manusia. Tumpuan lebih kepada penglibatan pekerja tidak mengejutkan kerana manfaat yang dilampirkan dengan ia adalah jelas. Tambahan pula, penyelidikan baru-baru ini telah mendapati bahawa penglibatan pekerja bukan sahaja meningkatkan prestasi kerja mereka tetapi juga membantu dalam kemahiran penggredan. Tujuan kajian ini adalah untuk mengkaji dan mendapatkan pemahaman yang lebih baik terhadap strategi yang mempengaruhi penglibatan pekerja dalam JEPCO. Kajian ini dijalankan di kalangan 108 kakitangan di JEPCO. Data yang telah dikumpulkan melalui soal selidik dan dianalisis dengan menggunakan (SPSS). Sepanjang analisis statistik - analisis korelasi, didapati bahawa terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara ketiga-tiga pembolehubah bebas iaitu pekerja Komunikasi, sistem Ganjaran dan sokongan kepimpinan dengan pembolehubah bersandar, Employee Engagement. Antara ketiga-tiga pembolehubah bebas, sokongan kepimpinan didapati pembolehubah yang paling bebas dalam memacu penglibatan pekerja dalam JEPCO.



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PERMISSION TO USE	i
	ABSTRACT	ii
	ABSTRAK	iii
	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iv
	TABLE OF CONTENTS	V
	LIST OF TABLES	Vii
	LIST OF FIGURE	ix
	CHAPTER ONE	
	INTRODUCTION	
1.1	BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY	1
1.2	PROBLEM STATEMENT	7
1.3	RESEARCH QUESTIONS	9
1.4	OBJECTIVES	10
1.5	SIGNIFICANCE OF STUDY	10
1.6	DEFINITION OF TERMS	11
1.7	ORGANIZATION OF THE CHAPTERS	12
	CHAPTER TWO	
	LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	INTRODUCTION	14
2.2	DEFINITION OF EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT	14
2.3	DRIVERS OF EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT	17
2.4	SOCIAL EXCHANGE THEORY SET	20
2.5	EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL PERFORMANCE	21
2.6	WHAT IS EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT?	23
2.7	EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT STRATEGIES	26
2.8	CONCLUSIONS	41
	CHAPTER 3	
	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.1	INTRODUCTION	43
3.2	THEORATICAL FRAMEWORK & HYPOTHESIS	43
3.3	RESEARCH DESIGN	45
3.4	SOURCES OF DATA	45
4.5	POPULATION AND SAMPLING	46
4.6	MEASUREMENT ITEMS	47
3.7	DATA COLLECTION METHOD	49
3.8	DATA COLLECTION METHOD	50
3.9	DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUE	51
3.10	CONCLUSION	
	CHAPTER FOUR	
	FINDINGS & DISCUSSION	
4.1	INTRODUCTION	52
4.2	OVERVIEW OF COLLECTED DATA	53

4.3	RESPONDENTS' PROFILE	53
4.4	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS	55
4.5	DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS	56
4.6	MAJOR FINDINGS	57
4.7	SUMMARY OF FINDINGS	62
4.8	CONCLUSION	63
	CHAPTER 5	
	DISCUSSION, RECOMMENDATION, AND CONCLUSION	
5.1	INTRODUCTION	64
5.2	DISCUSSION	64
	Objective 1: To examine the relationship between employee	
	communication and employee engagement in the Jordanian Electric	64
	Power Company Limited (JEPCO)	
	Objective 2: To discuss the relationship between recognition and rewards	65
	strategy and employee engagement in JEPCO.	0.5
	Objective 3: To review the relationship between leadership style and	
	employee engagement in the Jordanian Electric Power Company Limited	66
	(JEPCO).	
	Objective 4: To identify which variable (communication, reward system,	
	leadership style) is the critical driver of Employee Engagement in the	68
	Jordanian Electric Power Company Limited (JEPCO).	
5.3	LIMITATION OF THE STUDY	69
5.4	RECOMMENDATION FOR FUTURE RESEARCH	70
5.5	CONCLUSION	
	Universiti Utara Malaysia	
	Residence of the second of the	

LIST OF TABLES

3.1	Measurement Items	47
3.2	Design of the questionnaires	48
4.1	Responses Rate	53
4.2	Respondents Profile	54
4.3	Reliability Analysis	55
4.4	Descriptive Statistics	56
4.5	Inter correlations of the Major Variables	58
4.6	Results of Regression Analysis	61
4.7	Summary of Findings	62
	Universiti Utara Malaysia	

LIST OF FIGURE

3.1 The framework of study structured by the researcher 44

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

Historically, the importance of retaining and attracting skilled employees for the success of organization was recognized by business leaders. Then, organizations have progressively centered on employee engagement (EE) in the last two decades as an approach to enhance the skills and abilities of human resource. The increased focus on employee engagement was not surprising due to the benefit attached with it were clear. Furthermore, recent research has found that employee engagement's engagement not only enhance their job performance but is also helpful in skills raise. Additionally, employee engagement also results in organizational profit, customer satisfaction and employee income and productivity. Thus, organizations which do not focus on employee engagement suffer through the bottom line and competitive disadvantage (SHRM Foundtion, 2016; Trussa et al., 2013).

Everything in this world is bound to change, as well as a change in an organization is a certain thing that will happen. In the aspect of this change, an organization requires a powerful strategy to pass the transition successfully. The engagement paradigm is a powerful alternative approach to the variations in the organization or company. This paradigm produces an organization with people who know about the organization and enthusiastic to performance. Furthermore, a business that focuses on employee engagement develop the ability to face not only the present problems and challenges but also the future challenges well because it involves all elements in it to contribute (Axelrod, 2002; Hendrayati, 2015).

The contents of the thesis is for internal user only

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