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**FACTORS INFLUENCING ISLAMIC BANKING  
SELECTION IN INDONESIA USING PARTIAL LEAST  
SQUARE - STRUCTURAL EQUATION MODELLING**



**DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY  
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA  
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**FACTORS INFLUENCING IN ISLAMIC BANKING SELECTION  
IN INDONESIA USING PARTIAL LEAST SQUARE -  
STRUCTURAL EQUATION MODELLING**



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Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business,  
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Doctor of Philosophy**



**Kolej Perniagaan**  
(College of Business)  
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Pemeriksa Luar  
(External Examiner)

**Prof. Dr. Izah Mohd Tahir**

Tandatangan  
(Signature)

Pemeriksa Luar  
(External Examiner)

**Prof. Dr. Ismail Ahmad**

Tandatangan  
(Signature)

Pemeriksa Dalam  
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**Assoc. Prof. Dr. Asmadi Mohamed Naim**

Tandatangan  
(Signature)

Tarikh: 6 January 2016  
(Date)

Nama Pelajar : Reni binti Syamsuddin  
(Name of Student)

---

Tajuk Tesis / Disertasi : Factors Influencing Islamic Banking Selection in Indonesia using Partial  
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(Programme of Study)

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Nama Penyelia/Penyelia-penyalia : Prof. Dr. Nor Hayati Ahmad  
(Name of Supervisor/Supervisors)



A handwritten signature in black ink, which appears to be "Nor Hayati Ahmad".

Tandatangan

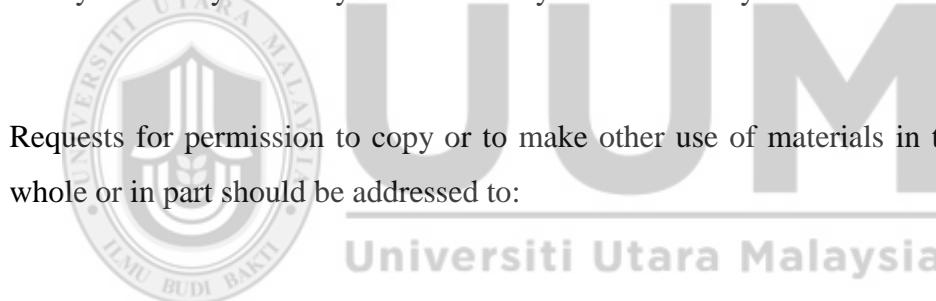
Nama Penyelia/Penyelia-penyalia : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Rohani Md Rus  
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## ABSTRACT

Although being populated by the largest number of Muslims in the world, the market share of Islamic Banking in Indonesia is only five percent of its total banking system. Hence, the quest to attract more Islamic banking customers is a major challenge to Indonesian banks. Few studies have used Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA), and Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB) to identify factors influencing customers' intention and bank selection. This study aims to fulfil this gap by investigating the constructs of TRA, and TPB (attitude, subjective norm) with additional five new variables; pricing of product and services, religion, knowledge, technology support and government support on customers' intention and Islamic bank selection. Questionnaires were sent to 375 respondents of bank customers in West, Centre, and East regions of Indonesia. Using Partial Least Square Structural Equation Modelling, the extended model explains 48.8 percent of the total variance in intention. Attitude, subject norm, religion, knowledge and government support are found to have significant and positive influence on intention except for pricing. Using intention as a mediator, the model explains fifty one percent of the variation in bank selection. The result shows that intention positively and significantly mediates the relationship between attitude, subjective norm, religion, and knowledge with Islamic bank selection. Government support is found insignificant but positively related. Under the mediation effect, pricing becomes significant but negatively related to selection. The results imply that Indonesian Islamic banks should offer products at competitive prices to attract more customers. More importantly, Indonesian Islamic banks need to create strong intention by developing positive customers' attitude towards Islamic banking through greater dissemination of knowledge, peer and family reference and *Syariah* compliance. In conclusion, the results of PLS-SEM support the application of TRA and TPB theories to enhance Islamic banking selection in Indonesia.

**Keywords:** Indonesian Islamic banking, intention, selection, Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA), Theory Planned Behaviour (TPB).

## ABSTRAK

Walaupun Indonesia mempunyai bilangan penduduk Islam yang besar di dunia, namun penguasaan pasaran perbankan Islam di Indonesia cuma mewakili lima peratus daripada sistem perbankan keseluruhannya. Oleh itu, usaha untuk menarik lebih ramai pelanggan perbankan Islam adalah satu cabaran besar kepada bank-bank Indonesia. Beberapa kajian telah dilakukan dengan menggunakan *Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA)* dan *Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB)* untuk mengenal pasti faktor yang mempengaruhi niat pelanggan dan pemilihan bank. Kajian ini bertujuan untuk memenuhi jurang ini dengan mengkaji konstrak TRA dan TPB (sikap, norma subjektif) dengan tambahan lima boleh ubah baharu; penentuan harga produk dan perkhidmatan, agama, pengetahuan, sokongan teknologi dan sokongan kerajaan kepada niat pelanggan serta pemilihan bank Islam. Borang soal-selidik telah diagihkan kepada 375 orang responden yang terdiri daripada pelanggan bank di Barat, Tengah, dan wilayah Timur Indonesia. Dengan menggunakan *Partial Least Square Structural Equation Modelling (PLS-SEM)*, model lanjutan menjelaskan 48.8 peratus variasi dalam niat. Sikap, norma subjektif, agama, pengetahuan dan sokongan kerajaan didapati mempunyai pengaruh yang signifikan dan positif ke atas niat kecuali harga. Menggunakan niat sebagai pengantara, model memaparkan 51 peratus daripada variasi dalam pemilihan bank. Hasilnya menunjukkan bahawa niat mempunyai kesan pengantara yang positif dan signifikan ke atas hubungan antara sikap, norma subjektif, agama, dan pengetahuan dengan pilihan bank Islam. Sokongan kerajaan didapati tidak signifikan tetapi berkaitan secara positif. Di bawah kesan pengantaraan, harga menjadi signifikan tetapi berkaitan secara negatif dengan pemilihan. Keputusan menunjukkan bahawa bank-bank Islam Indonesia harus menawarkan produk dan perkhidmatan pada harga yang kompetitif untuk menarik lebih ramai pelanggan. Lebih penting lagi, bank-bank Islam Indonesia perlu mempunyai tekad yang kuat untuk mewujudkan sikap pelanggan yang positif terhadap perbankan Islam melalui penyebaran pengetahuan yang lebih luas, rujukan rakan sebaya dan keluarga dan pematuhan Syariah. Kesimpulannya, keputusan PLS-SEM menyokong penggunaan TRA dan teori TPB untuk meningkat pemilihan perbankan Islam di Indonesia.

**Kata kunci:** Perbankan Islam Indonesia, niat, pemilihan, Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA), dan Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB)

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## **LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS**

ATD	Attitude
ATM	Automatic Teller Machine
BAMUI	Board of Arbitration Muamalat Indonesia
CMW	Common Method Variance
DTPB	Decomposis Theory of Planned Behavior
GDP	Gross domestic Bruto
GS	Government Support
IBS	Islamic banking Indonesia
ICMI	Ikatan Cendekian Muslim Indonesia
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah
INT	Intention
IT	Information Technology
KNL	Knowledge
L/C	Letter of credit
PBC	Perceive Behavioral control
PHD	Doctor of Philosophy
PLS	Partial Least Square
PRC	Price
Q2	Construct Cross Validated Redundancy

R2	R-squared Values
RLG	Religion
SEM	Structural Equation Modelling
SN	Subjective Norm
SPSS	Statistical Package for the Social Sciences
SWT	Subhanahu Wa Ta'ala
TAM	Theory of Acceptance Model
TRA	Theory of Reasoned Action
TPB	Theory of Planned Behavior
TS	Technology support
USA	United States of America



# **CHAPTER ONE**

## **INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Background of the Study**

Indonesia has 252 million people in the year 2014 from which 226.8 million people are Muslims representing 90 percent of the population (Indonesian Central Bureau of Statistics, 2014). Although this percentage represents the largest number of Muslims in the world, Islamic banking came fairly late to Indonesia and the market share is only 5.1 percent. After slow starts, Islamic banking in Indonesia is presently developing rapidly and with strong support from groups of scholars and government authority such as Otoritas Jasa Keuangan Indonesia (OJK) via Five Year Road map for Indonesia (MIFC, Bis Review 2015). A research finding by OJK (2015) shows that 103 out of 162 Islamic rural banks are found in Java. This finding highlights that many provinces in other regions of Indonesia have no rural Islamic banks. The Indonesian government has noted that Islamic banking in Indonesia has not spread out evenly throughout the country and hence, greater efforts are in place to expand Islamic banking in Indonesia (GBG Indonesia, 2015).

One of the efforts is to introduce dual banking system. Since the advance development of dual banking system in Malaysia, Indonesia has implemented the same, in which both the conventional and Islamic banking operates in parallel to serve the economy (Muh Abdurrahman, 2012). Following that, Islamic banking in Indonesia has three types: (i) Islamic Commercial Banks which are fully governed by Shariah law (ii) Islamic banking Units which are the subsidiary of conventional banks but

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