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**FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI
KEBERKESANAN PROGRAM LATIHAN DI KALANGAN
STAF PENTADBIRAN UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA**



SARJANA SAINS (PENGURUSAN)

UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA

2016

**FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI KEBERKESANAN
PROGRAM LATIHAN DI KALANGAN STAF PENTADBIRAN
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA**



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KEBENARAN MERUJUK

Kertas projek ini dikemukakan sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan pengijazahan Sarjana Sains (Pengurusan). Saya bersetuju membenarkan pihak perpustakaan Universiti Utara Malaysia (UUM) menjadikan kertas penyelidikan ini sebagai bahan rujukan. Saya juga bersetuju membenarkan sebarang bentuk salinan sama ada secara keseluruhan atau sebahagian daripada kertas penyelidikan ini untuk tujuan akademik dengan mendapatkan kebenaran penyelia kertas penyelidikan atau Dekan Pusat Pengajian Pengurusan Perniagaan. Sebarang bentuk salinan atau penggunaan sama ada secara keseluruhan atau mana-mana bahagian daripada kertas penyelidikan ini bagi tujuan komersil tidak dibenarkan sama sekali tanpa kebenaran daripada penyelidik. Penyataan rujukan kepada penyelidik dan Universiti Utara Malaysia perlu dinyatakan dalam penggunaan sebarang bentuk bahan-bahan yang terdapat di dalam kertas penyelidikan ini. Permohonan bagi mendapatkan kebenaran untuk membuat salinan atau menggunakan secara keseluruhan atau sebahagian kertas penyelidikan ini boleh dibuat dengan menulis kepada:

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ABSTRAK

Program latihan sering dilihat sebagai aktiviti yang menjadi pemangkin dalam merealisasikan usaha dan matlamat sesebuah organisasi dalam melahirkan dan mewujudkan pekerja yang berkemahiran serta berdaya saing bukan sahaja sebagai pekerja dalam organisasi, tetapi juga terhadap diri seseorang pekerja itu sendiri. Secara keseluruhannya, kajian ini dilakukan untuk melihat persepsi pekerja terhadap keberkesanan program latihan di kalangan staf pentadbiran Universiti Utara Malaysia dengan menggunakan Model Penilaian Kirkpatrick yang mengkaji reaksi pekerja terhadap program latihan, pengalaman pembelajaran yang berlaku sepanjang program latihan, tingkah laku pekerja terhadap tugas yang dilakukan selepas menjalani program latihan, dan penilaian terhadap kesan program latihan yang mampu menyumbang kepada keberkesanan organisasi. Kajian ini merupakan kajian yang berbentuk kuantitatif yang menggunakan borang soal selidik yang melibatkan jumlah sampel sebanyak 350 orang staf pentadbiran Universiti Utara Malaysia (UUM). Dapatan kajian menunjukkan bahawa reaksi, pembelajaran, tingkah laku dan hasil mempunyai hubungan yang signifikan dan positif terhadap keberkesanan program latihan. Hasil daripada kajian ini, pihak universiti dapat membuat penambahbaikan terhadap program latihan bagi melatih staf-staf mereka agar dapat melaksanakan tugas dengan cemerlang bagi menuju ke arah melahirkan perkhidmatan yang berprestasi tinggi.

Kata kunci : Keberkesanan Program Latihan, Reaksi, Pembelajaran, Tingkah Laku, Hasil dan Staf Pentadbiran

ABSTRACT

The training program is often seen as an activity that catalyze to realize the goal of an organization to produce and create skilled and competitive employees not only as employees in organizations, but also good for employees themselves. The training program is designed to change or improve the employee behavior in order to stimulate their efficiency. Overall, this study was conducted to see the employee perception of the effectiveness of training programs among administrative staff of Universiti Utara Malaysia by using Kirkpatrick Evaluation Model that studied the reaction of employee to the training program, learning experiences that occur during the training program, the behavior of employees to the task conducted after the training program, and the assessment of the result of training programs that can contribute to organizational effectiveness. This survey is a quantitative research by using a questionnaire which consisted a total sample of 350 administrative staff of Universiti Utara Malaysia (UUM). The finding indicated that reaction, learning, behavior and results have a significant relationship and positive impact on the effectiveness of the training program. Based on the result of this study, the university can make improvements to the training program to train their staff in order to perform an excellent job towards producing high-performance services.

Keywords: Effectiveness of Training Programs, Reaction, Learning, Behavior, Results and Administrative Staff



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SENARAI SINGKATAN

- DV : Pembolehubah Bersandar (*Dependent Variable*)
- IV : Pembolehubah Tidak Bersandar (*Independent Variable*)
- KMO : *Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin*
- KPT : Kementerian Pengajian Tinggi
- PMR : Penilaian Menengah Rendah
- P & P : Pengurusan dan Profesional
- SBM : Pusat Pengajian Pengurusan Perniagaan (School of Business Management)
- Sig. : Signifikan (*Sigificant*)
- SPM : Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia
- SPSS : Pakej Statistik Sains Sosial (*Statistical Package for Social Science*)
- STPM : Sijil Tinggi Persekolahan Malaysia
- UUM : Universiti Utara Malaysia

BAB SATU

PENDAHULUAN

1.1 Pengenalan

Bab ini membincangkan tujuan kajian dijalankan dengan penerangan latar belakang kajian secara terperinci dan kemudian diikuti dengan pernyataan masalah, persoalan kajian dan objektif kajian. Persoalan keberkesanan program latihan adalah menjadi perkara penting bagi organisasi dalam melahirkan tenaga kerja yang produktif. Perkara yang akan disentuh dalam bab ini juga melibatkan skop dan batasan kajian, kepentingan kajian, organisasi disertasi dan diakhiri dengan kesimpulan.

1.2 Latar Belakang Kajian

Program latihan sering dilihat sebagai aktiviti yang menjadi pemangkin dalam merealisasikan usaha dan matlamat sesebuah organisasi dalam melahirkan dan mewujudkan pekerja yang berkemahiran serta berdaya saing bukan sahaja sebagai pekerja dalam organisasi, tetapi juga terhadap diri seseorang pekerja itu sendiri. Menurut Raja, Furqan dan Khan (2011), latihan adalah faktor penting dalam meningkatkan keupayaan pekerja. Pekerja yang memiliki lebih pengalaman kerja mempunyai prestasi yang lebih baik kerana mempunyai kelebihan dari aspek kemahiran dan kecekapan.

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