FACTORS AFFECTING INTENTION TO LEAVE

A Thesis Submitted to the Graduate School in Partial

Fulfilment of the Requirement for the Degree

of Master of Science (Management)

Ву

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ABSTRAK

Penyeiidikan ini mengkaji hubung-kait antara persepsi pekerja mengenai gaya kepimpinan ketua (iaitu berorientasikan kerja dan kemanusiaan) beserta beberapa faktor demografi terhadap niat mereka untuk berhenti kerja daripada sesebuah organisasi. Hasil penyelidikan ini menunjukkan bahawa hanya persepsi pekerja mengenai gaya kepimpinan ketua yang berorientasikan kemanusiaan sahaja yang merupakan faktor utama di dalam mempengaruhi niat untuk berhenti kerja. Perhubungan ini secara statistiknya adalah signifikan pada aras keertian 5 %. Dalam konteks ini, ketua yang mempunyai gaya kepimpinan yang berorientasikan kemanusiaan yang tinggi akan mempunyai pekerja yang mempunyai mat yang rendah untuk berhenti kerja. Di samping itu, umur, tempoh kerja, dan status kerja adalah beberapa faktor demografi yang mempunyai hubung-kait yang signifikan terhadap mat pekerja untuk berhenti kerja daripada organisasi tersebut.

ABSTRACT

This study examines the correlations between employees' perception of their superiors' leadership styles (i.e task- and people-orientations) together with a few demographic factors and their intentions to leave the organizations. The research findings have shown that only the employees' perception of the superiors' leadership style of people-orientation is a major factor related to the intention to leave. This relationship is statistically significant at the level of 5 %. In this context, leaders who have high people-orientation leadership style will have subordinates who have low intentions to leave. Beside that, age, organizational tenure, and job status are a few demographic factors which are also significantly related to employees' intentions to leave the organization.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

HR Human Resource

LPC Least Preferred Co-worker

LASI Leader Adaptability and Style Inventory

LEAD Leader Effectiveness and Adaptability Description

DMM'S Divisional Merchandizing Manager's

LBDQ Leader Behavior Description Questionaires

SPM Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia

MCE Malaysian Certificate of Education

ANOVA Analysis of Variance

MR Malaysian Ringgit

SBDQ Supervisor Behavior Description Questionaires

LOQ Leader Opinion Questionaire

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CHAPTER1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Chapter Overview

This chapter consists of five major areas namely i) statement of the research problem, ii) research objectives, iii) significance of the study, iv) research scope, assumption and limitations, v) layout of the remaining chapters.

1.2 Statement of the Research Problem

The problem of labor shortage which was highlighted in mass media recently, has lead to an alarming issue of increased labor turnover rates in a number of organizations in Malaysia. It has also become a major issue to companies' top management as it can be directly related to organizational ineffectiveness. This ineffectiveness could be in terms of lowering in productivity (Swinney, 1987) and also in terms of the costs incurred to the organizations for direct investments in human capital, manpower training and recruitment (Weisberg & Kirschenbaum, 199 1).

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