

**STOCK MARKET REACTION TO DIVIDEND
ANNOUNCEMENT IN INDONESIAN LISTED
COMPANIES**

**By
CYNTHIA SARI DEWI**

A Dissertation Submitted to the Center for Graduate Studies,
Universiti Utara Malaysia
in Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Master of Science



OTHMAN YEOP ABDULLAH
GRADUATE SCHOOL OF BUSINESS
UNIVERSITI UTARA MALAYSIA

Cultivating Perspectives. Building the Future. Sharing Solutions

PERAKUAN KERJA KERTAS PROJEK
(*Certification of Project Paper*)

Saya, mengaku bertandatangan, memperakukan bahawa
(*I, the undersigned, certified that*)

CYNTHIA SARI DEWI (806353)

Calon untuk Ijazah Sarjana

(*Candidate for the degree of*) **MASTER OF SCIENCE (FINANCE)**

telah mengemukakan kertas projek yang bertajuk

(*has presented his/her project paper of the following title*)

STOCK MARKET REACTION TO DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT
IN INDONESIAN LISTED COMPANIES

Seperti yang tercatat di muka surat tajuk dan kulit kertas projek
(*as it appears on the title page and front cover of the project paper*)

Bahawa kertas projek tersebut boleh diterima dari segi bentuk serta kandungan dan meliputi bidang ilmu dengan memuaskan.

(*that the project paper acceptable in the form and content and that a satisfactory knowledge of the field is covered by the project paper*).

Nama Penyelia : **MR. MOHAMMAD BADRI BIN ROZALI**
(*Name of Supervisor*)

Tandatangan :
(*Signature*)

Tarikh : **15 JUNE 2011**
(*Date*)

PERMISSION TO USE

In presenting this dissertation in partial fulfillment of the requirements for a postgraduate degree from Universiti Utara Malaysia. I agree that the university's library may make it freely available for inspection. I further agree that permission for copying of this dissertation in any manner, in whole or in a part, for scholarly purposes may be granted by my supervisor or, in their absence, by the Dean of Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business. It is understood that any copying or publications or use of this dissertation or parts thereof for financial gain shall not be allowed without my written permission. It is also understood that due recognition shall be given to me and to Universiti Utara Malaysia for any scholarly use which may be made of any material from my dissertation. Request for permission to copy or to make use of materials in this dissertation, in whole or in part, should be addressed to:

Dean of Othman Yeop Abdullah Graduate School of Business,
Accounting Building,
Universiti Utara Malaysia,
06010 Sintok,
Kedah Darul Aman.

ABSTRAK

Tujuan kajian ini dijalankan adalah untuk mengkaji reaksi harga saham terhadap pengumuman dividen. Selain itu, kajian ini juga menguji sama ada pembolehubah terikat (kumulatif abnormal return) dipengaruhi atau tidak dipengaruhi oleh pembolehubah bebas (saiz, dividen yield, perubahan pendapatan, perubahan dividen, pra-kumulatif abnormal return, volum perdagangan). Penyelidikan ini menggunakan dua kaedah untuk menganggarkan hipotesis. Teknik analisa data yang pertama adalah *event study* dan kaedah kedua adalah analisa regresi *Ordinary Least Squares* (OLS). Sampel untuk *event study* dan OLS adalah sebanyak 415 dan 243 jenis syarikat - syarikat yang tersenarai di Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI) iaitu dari tahun 2006 - 2010. Keputusan yang diperolehi daripada kajian *event study* menunjukkan bahawa reaksi harga saham terhadap pengumuman dividen ialah positif apabila dividen meningkat dan negatif jikalau dividen menurun. Keputusan kajian regresi OLS menunjukkan pembolehubah PRECAR adalah positif dan signifikan, manakala pembolehubah yang lain adalah tidak signifikan.

Kata kunci: kumulatif abnormal return, pengumuman dividen, *event study*

ABSTRACT

This study aims to investigate the share price reaction to dividend announcement. It also examines whether or not the cumulative abnormal return (CAR) is affected by control variables which are dividend change, earnings change, dividend yield, normal trading volume, pre-cumulative abnormal return (PRECAR) and firm size). This study uses two methods to estimate the model. The first method is event study and the second method is Ordinary Least Square (OLS) regression. The sample firms utilized the event study and OLS regression are 415 and 243 companies respectively which are listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (IDX) during 2006 – 2010. The findings from the event study analysis indicate the share price reaction to dividend announcement is positive for dividend increase and negative for dividend decrease. The OLS regression result shows that the PRECAR variable is positive and significant while the other independent variables are insignificant.

Keyword: cumulative abnormal return, dividend announcement, event study

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In the name of Allah SWT, The Most Gracious and The Most Merciful, I thank you for giving me the strength to complete this dissertation.

First and foremost, my sincere gratitude goes to my supervisor, Mr. Mohammad Badri Rozali for his constructive ideas, criticisms, guidance and patience throughout duration of prepare this dissertation. Without his support and help, this paper cannot be completed.

I would like to express my utmost appreciation to my lovely family who has supported me all the way since the beginning of my studies. I would like to thank my father who has been a great source of motivation and inspiration as well as to my mother, the most wonderful woman who has ever appeared in my entire life, for her never ending support and encouragement. I also owe a big thank to my brothers and sister for their undivided supports and loves.

Last but not least, to my friends, thank you so much for your continuous assistance and contribution during the preparation of this dissertation. There is no single word that can describe my gratefulness to know you all.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PERMISSION TO USE	i
ABSTRAK	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	v
LIST OF TABLES	vii
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	viii

CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of the Study	1
1.2 Overview of the Indonesian Economy	5
1.2.1 The Indonesian Capital Market	6
1.3 Problem Statement	10
1.4 Research Objectives	12
1.5 Research Questions	13
1.6 Scope and Limitations of the Study	13
1.7 Significance of the Study	14
1.8 Organizations of the Study	15

CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction	16
2.2 Theoretical Studies	16
2.2.1 The Information Content of Dividend Theory	17
2.2.2 Dividend Signaling Theory	18
2.2.3 Dividend Clientele Effect	19
2.3 Empirical Evidences	20
2.3.1 Empirical Evidences Using Event Study	20
2.3.2 Empirical Evidences Using OLS Regression	25
2.4 Conclusion	32

CHAPTER THREE: METHODOLOGY

3.1 Introduction	33
3.2 Data Collection	33
3.3 Population and Sample Selection	34
3.4 Data Analysis and Measurements	35
3.4.1 Event Study	35
3.4.2 Regression Analysis (Ordinary Least Squares)	38
3.5 Research Framework for Regression Analysis	41
3.5.1 The Dependent Variable	43
3.5.2 The Independent Variables	43
3.6 Conclusion	49

CHAPTER FOUR: ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

4.1 Introduction	50
4.2 Results of Event Study	50

4.3	Descriptive Analysis of Regression Model.....	55
4.4	Assumption Tests for OLS.....	58
4.4.1	R-square Test	59
4.4.2	Normality Test	60
4.4.3	Autocorrelation Test.....	61
4.4.4	Heteroscedasticity Test	61
4.4.5	Multicollinearity Test.....	62
4.5	Regression Results	62
4.6	Conclusion	66

CHAPTER FIVE: CONCLUSION

5.1	Introduction.....	67
5.2	Overview of the Research Process.....	67
5.3	Summary of Findings.....	68
5.4	Recommendations.....	69

REFERENCES.....	70
-----------------	----

APPENDICES	74
Sample Listed-Companies in Indonesia.....	75
Descriptive Analysis	86
Correlation Analysis.....	87
Assumption Tests for OLS.....	88
Regression Results	90

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.1	The Indonesian Economic Overview	6
Table 1.2	History of The Indonesian Stock Exchange (IDX)	7
Table 1.3	The Number of Companies Provided Cash Dividend.....	10
Table 2.1	Empirical Evidences Using Event Study	24
Table 2.2	Empirical Evidences Using OLS Regression.....	29
Table 2.3	Independent Variables Used in Past Studies.....	31
Table 3.1	Selected Observation Process	35
Table 3.2	The Relationship between Variables and Dividend Theories	47
Table 3.3	Expected Relationship.....	48
Table 4.1	Event Study Result Based on Year	51
Table 4.2	Descriptive Statistics for Abnormal Return	52
Table 4.3	Event Study Result based on Dividend Categories.....	54
Table 4.4	Descriptive Analysis of Regression Model.....	56
Table 4.5	Correlation Analysis between Variables.....	57
Table 4.6	Assumption Tests for OLS.....	59
Table 4.7	Regression Results	63

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1	The IDX Composite Index and Trading Volume.....	9
Figure 3.1	Theoretical Framework	42

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AMEX	American Stock Exchange
ASSET	Total Assets
BETA	Systematic Risk
BLUE	Best Linear Unbiased Estimator
BOARD	Board Ownership
CAR	Cumulative Abnormal Return
CLT	Central Limit Theorem
DEBT	Total Debt
DIV	Dividend Change
DW	Durbin-Watson
DY	Dividend Yield
EARNCHG	Earnings Changes
EARNVOL	Earnings Volatility
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah
IDX	Indonesian Stock Exchange
INST	Institutional Holdings
JSX	Jakarta Stock Exchange
KLSE	Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange
KSE	Karachi Stock Exchange
LEV	Leverage
NASDAQ	NASDAQ Stock Market
NV	Normal Trading Volume
NYSE	New York Stock Exchange
OLS	Ordinary Least Squares
PRECAR	Pre-Cumulative Abnormal Return
PTB	Price to Book Ratio
Q	Tobin' Q Rate
ROA	Return on Assets
ROE	Return on Equity
RUPS	<i>Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham</i>
SIZE	Size of Company
SSX	Surabaya Stock Exchange
VIF	Variance Inflation Factor
YEAR	Year of Company

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of the Study

In the last decade, a company's dividend policy and its effects on the value of the company has generated interest among researchers in the field of finance. Accounting and financial analysts were more interested in corporate performance, cash flow analysis and solvency issue. The research on dividend policy today focuses more on the relationship between dividend policy and its effect on the price of the stock. This includes trying to come up with a model which would explain the relationship between the two variables. The researchers have formulated three assumptions about the issue. Firstly, dividend has a positive impact on stock price. Secondly, stock price is negatively related to dividend policy and finally, firms' dividend policy is irrelevant to stock price valuation.

Miller and Modigliani (1961) create an assumption based on perfect capital market situations which express an idea about how dividend affects the firm value. They postulate that dividends do not impact the firm value in a perfect capital market scenario. In other words, the value of a firm is independent of its dividend policy. Meanwhile, Gordon (1959) makes a statement on the dividend discount model which explains that the dividend payment augmentation should be accompanied by the increase in value of a company. The income generated by a company could be used to settle debt or allocate cash dividend to shareholders. The issues that have been discussed include whether a company should allocate its income to shareholders by

The contents of
the thesis is for
internal user
only

REFERENCES

- Abdullah, N. A., Rashid, R. A., & Ibrahim, Y. (2004). Information Content of Dividend Changes in an Emerging Market. *The International Journal of Banking, & Finance* 2, 1-18.
- Adelegan, O. J. (2009). Price Reactions to Dividend Announcements on the Nigerian Stock Market. *The African Economic Research Consortium*, 1-20.
- Aharony, J., & Swary, I. (1980). Quarterly Dividend and Earnings Announcements and Stockholders' Return: An Empirical Analysis. *Journal of Finance* 1, 1-12.
- Akbar, M., & Baig, H. H. (2010). Reaction of Stock Prices to Dividend Announcements and Market Efficiency in Pakistan. *The Lahore Journal of Economics*, 103-125.
- Ali, M. B., & Chowdhury, T. A. (2010). Effect of Dividend on Stock Price in Emerging Stock Market: A Study on the Listed Private Commercial Banks in Dhaka Stock Exchange. *International Journal of Economics and Finance* 4, Vol.2, 52-64.
- Allen, F., & Michaely, R. (2003). Payout Policy. In: Constantinides, G., Harris, M., Stulz, R., *Handbook of the Economics of Finance*. North-Holland, Amsterdam.
- Ambarish R., John, K., & Williams, L. (1987). Efficient Signaling with Dividends and Investments. *Journal of Finance*, 321-343.
- Amihud, Y., & Li, K. (2006). The Declining Information Content of Dividend Announcements, & the Effects of Institutional Holdings. *Journal of Financial and Quantitative Analysis* 3, Vol.41, 637-660.
- Andres, C., Betzer, A., Bongard, I., Haesner, C., & Theissen, E. (2008). Dividend Announcements, Market Expectation and Corporate Governance. *University of Mannheim: Working Paper*.
- Azzopardi, F. (2004). Dividend Irrelevance and the Clientele Effect. *University of Leicester: Working Paper*.
- Bajaj, M., & Vijh, A. M. (1990). Dividend Clienteles and the Information Content of Dividend Changes. *Journal of Financial Economics* Vol. 26, 193-219.
- Balachandran, B., Cadle, J., & Theobald, M. (1999). Analysis of Price Reaction to Interim Dividend Reductions a Note. *Applied Financial Economics*, 305-314.

- Balachandran, B., Faff, R., & Nguyen, A. T. (2004). The Intra-Industry Impact of Special Dividend Announcements: Contagion versus Competition. *Journal of Multinational Financial Management*, 369-385.
- Benartzi, S., Michaely, R., & Thaler, R. (1997). Do Changes in Dividends Signal the Future or the Past?. *Journal of Finance* 3, 1007-1034.
- Bhatia, P. (2010). A Study of Dividend Announcements on Stock Returns of Popularly Traded Companies in India. *Sri Krishna International Research and Educational Consortium*, 178-189.
- Bhattacharya, S. (1979). Imperfect Information, Dividend Policy and the Bird in the Hand Fallacy. *Bell Journal of Economics* 1, 259-270.
- Black, F. (1976). The Dividend Puzzle. *Journal of Portfolio Management*, 8-12.
- Campbell, J. A., & Beranek, W. (1995). Stock Price Behavior on ex-Dividend dates. *Journal of Finance*, Vol. 10, 425-429.
- Chen, D. H., Nieh, C. C., Chen, C. D., & Tang, W. W. (2007). The Announcement Effect of Cash Dividend Changes on Share Prices: An Empirical Analysis of China. *National Taipei University: Working Paper*.
- Daniels, K., Shin, T., & Lee, C. (1997). The Information Content of Dividend Hypothesis: A Permanent Income Approach. *International Review of Economics and Finance* 22, 77-86.
- Dasilas, A., & Leventis, S. (2010). Stock Market Reaction to Dividend Announcements: Evidence from the Greek Stock Market. *International Review of Economics*.
- Deangelo, H., & Deangelo, L. (2006). The Irrelevance of the MM Dividend Irrelevance Theorem. *Journal of Financial Economics* 79, Vol.2, 293-315.
- Fuller, K. P. (2003). The Impact of Informed Trading on Dividend Signaling: A Theoretical and Empirical Examination. *Journal of Corporate Finance* 9, 385-407.
- Gordon, M. (1959). Dividend, Earnings and Stock Prices. *Review of Economics and Statistics* 41, 99-105.
- Grullon, G., Michaely, R., & Swaminathan, B. (1999). Dividend Changes as a Sign of Firm Maturity. *Cornell University: Working Paper*.
- Gujarati, D. N., & Porter, D.C. (2009). *Basic Econometrics*. Fifth Edition. Singapore: Mcgraw-Hill.
- Gujarati, D. N. (2006). *Essential of Econometrics*. Fifth Edition. Singapore: Mcgraw-Hill.

- Gurgul, H., Mestel, R., & Schileicher, C. (2003). Stock Market Reaction to Dividend Announcement: Empirical Evidence from the Austrian Stock Market. *Swiss Society for Financial Market Research*, 332-350.
- Impson, C. M. (1997). Market Reaction to Dividend Decreases Announcement: Public Utilities versus Unregulated Industrial Firms. *The Journal of Financial Research* 20, 407-422.
- Jin, Z. (2000). On Differential Market Reaction to Dividend Initiations. *The Quarterly Review of Economics and Finance* 40, 263-277.
- Kartini (2001). Analisa Reaksi Pemegang Saham Terhadap Pengumuman Perubahan Pembayaran Dividend Di Bursa Efek Jakarta. *Jurnal Siasat Bisnis* 6, Vol.2.
- Lee, B., & Yan, N. A. (2003). The Market's Differential Reactions to Forward Looking and Backward Looking Dividend Changes. *The Journal of Financial Research* 4, Vol. 26, 449-468.
- Mackinlay, A. C. (1997). Event Studies in Economics and Finance. *Journal of Economic Literature*, 13-39.
- Miller, M., & Modigliani, F. (1961). Dividend Policy, Growth and Valuation of Shares. *Journal of Business* 34, 411-433.
- Miller, M., & Rock, K. (1985). Dividend Policy under Asymmetric Information. *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 1031-1051.
- Miller, M., & Scholes, M. (1978). Dividends and Taxes. *Journal of Financial Economics* 4, Vol.6, 333-364.
- Mulyati, S. (2003). Reaksi Harga Saham Terhadap Perubahan Dividen Tunai dan Dividend Yield di Bursa Efek Jakarta. *Jurnal Siasat Bisnis* 8, Vol.2, 233-249.
- Mustakini, J. H. (2000). *Teori Portofolio dan Analisis Investasi*. Edisi 3. Yogyakarta: Bhakti Profesindo (BPFE).
- Nissim, D., & Ziv, A. (2001). Dividend Changes and Future Profitability. *The Journal of Finance*, 2111-2133.
- Prasetiono (2000). Pengaruh Pengumuman Dividen Terhadap Abnormal Return Saham Di Bursa Efek Jakarta. *Media Ekonomi dan Bisnis* 1, Vol 12.
- Tandelilin, E. (2001). *Analisis Investasi dan Manajemen Portofolio*. Edisi Pertama. Yogyakarta: Bhakti Profesindo (BPFE).
- Utami, N. W. (2001). *Reaksi Pasar Terhadap Pengumuman Dividen: Kasus pada Dividend Initiation, Dividen Omission dan Dividen Cut (Studi di Bursa Efek Jakarta Periode 1995-1999)*. Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia.

Verma, H., Basedia, N., Phukan, P., Dixit, J. K., & Gupta, S. K. (2010). The Indian Tyre Industry. *Security Analysis Project Report* , 1-40.

Westron, F. J., & Brigham, E. F. (1993). *Manajemen Keuangan Jilid 2*. Jakarta: Erlangga.

Zainefree, G. (2005). *Reaksi Harga Saham Terhadap Pengumuman Dividend Tunai di Bursa Efek Jakarta*. Universitas Diponegoro, Semarang, Indonesia.