

**TRAFFIC CHARACTERISATION MECHANISM FOR
DETECTING ROGUE ACCESS POINT IN LOCAL AREA
NETWORK**

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Abstrak

Titik Capaian Bangsat (RAP) adalah satu kerentanan rangkaian yang melibatkan penggunaan titik capaian tanpa wayar secara haram di dalam satu persekitaran rangkaian. Kewujudan RAP boleh dikenal pasti melalui pemeriksaan trafik rangkaian. Tesis ini bertujuan untuk membentangkan kajian penggunaan pencirian trafik rangkaian setempat (LAN) bagi mencirikan rangkaian trafik berwayar dan tanpa wayar melalui pemeriksaan pertukaran paket antara pengirim dan penerima, menggunakan penangkapan paket dengan cop masa masuk untuk menunjukkan kewujudan sesuatu RAP. Kajian ini adalah berdasarkan kepada analisis maklumbalas penyegerakan (SYN/ACK), maklumbalas penutupan sambungan (FIN/ACK), maklumbalas tolakan data (PSH/ACK) dan penghantaran data (PAYLOAD) oleh isyarat daripada pembekal yang dikaitkan kepada pasangan penerima akuan (ACK) masing-masing. Cop masa bagi setiap pasangan kemudiannya dikumpulkan menggunakan teknik Kumpulan Setara yang menghasilkan purata kumpulan. Ia kemudiannya dikategorikan kepada tiga zon untuk membentuk purata zon. Kemudiannya, purata zon ini telah digunakan untuk membentuk purata global yang bertindak sebagai nilai ambang dalam mengenal pasti sesuatu RAP. Sebuah tapak uji rangkaian dibangunkan di mana trafik rangkaian sebenar diperoleh dan dianalisis. Satu mekanisme untuk mencirikan trafik rangkaian berwayar dan tanpa wayar LAN menggunakan analisis purata global dalam proses pengesanan RAP telah dicadangkan. Nilai ambang pengesanan RAP bagi protokol rangkaian berwayar (IEEE 802.3) yang telah dikira oleh kajian adalah 0.002 ms manakala protokol tanpa wayar (IEEE 802.11g dan IEEE 802.11n) adalah masing-masing 0.014 ms dan 0.033 ms. Kajian ini menyumbang kepada satu mekanisme baru bagi mengesan sesuatu RAP melalui pencirian trafik dengan penelitian komunikasi paket dalam persekitaran LAN. Pengesanan RAP adalah penting dalam usaha untuk mengurangkan kerentanan dan memastikan integriti pertukaran data dalam LAN.

Kata kunci: Titik capaian bangsat, Cop masa masuk, Penangkapan paket, Penapisan paket, Keselamatan rangkaian.

Abstract

Rogue Access Point (RAP) is a network vulnerability involving illicit usage of wireless access point in a network environment. The existence of RAP can be identified using network traffic inspection. The purpose of this thesis is to present a study on the use of local area network (LAN) traffic characterisation for typifying wired and wireless network traffic through examination of packet exchange between sender and receiver by using inbound packet capturing with time stamping to indicate the existence of a RAP. The research is based on the analysis of synchronisation response (SYN/ACK), close connection respond (FIN/ACK), push respond (PSH/ACK), and data send (PAYLOAD) of the provider's flags which are paired with their respective receiver acknowledgment (ACK). The timestamp of each pair is grouped using the Equal Group technique, which produced group means. These means were then categorised into three zones to form zone means. Subsequently, the zone means were used to generate a global mean that served as a threshold value for identifying RAP. A network testbed was developed from which real network traffic was captured and analysed. A mechanism to typify wired and wireless LAN traffic using the analysis of the global mean used in the RAP detection process has been proposed. The research calculated RAP detection threshold value of 0.002 ms for the wired IEEE 802.3 LAN, while wireless IEEE 802.11g is 0.014 ms and IEEE 802.11n is 0.033 ms respectively. This study has contributed a new mechanism for detecting a RAP through traffic characterisation by examining packet communication in the LAN environment. The detection of RAP is crucial in the effort to reduce vulnerability and to ensure integrity of data exchange in LAN.

Keywords: Rogue access point, Inbound timestamp, Packet capturing, Packet filtering, Network security.

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List of Abbreviations

ACK	Acknowledgement
AP	Access Point
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
ASN.1	Abstract Syntax Notation One
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DoS	Denial of Service
FIN	No more data from sender
GUI	Graphical User Interface
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC	Medium Access Control
MIB	Management Information Base
ms	Milliseconds
MyCERT	Malaysia Computer Emergency Response Team
NAT	Network Address Translation
NIC	Network Interface Card
NMS	Network Management System
OID	Object Identifier
OS	Operating System

OSI	Open Systems Interconnection model
PC	Personal Computer
PCAP	Packet Capturing
PHY	Physical
PSH	Push function
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service
RAP	Rogue Access Point
RTT	Round Trip Time
SMI	Structure of Management Information
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SSID	Service Set Identifier
SYN	Synchronize sequence numbers
TCP	Transfer Control Protocol
UUM	Universiti Utara Malaysia
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WPA2	Wi-Fi Protected Access 2

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

Wireless technology provides users the freedom of mobility, gives network designers more options for connectivity, and gives many new devices the capability to connect to a network [1, 2, 3]. However, wireless technology brings significantly more threats or vulnerability than traditional wired networks. The issue of network vulnerabilities of wireless LAN is very critical in managing computer networks [4, 5, 6, 7, 8]. With increasing faults and attacks on network infrastructure, there is an urgent need to analyse network and service vulnerabilities under an organised fault attack in a more comprehensive manner [9, 10, 11, 12, 13].

Network extensibility can be achieved easily, with less effort, and become more cost effective through an implementation using wireless devices, such as by installing Access Points (APs) [14]. Many organisations spend greater effort in installing APs for widening the LAN coverage to enable greater access for staff, especially those located at various locations in different buildings. However, some staff prefer to access the organisational network through their private AP without realising the possible detrimental effects of doing so with regard to network security and also performance. This kind of private AP or Rogue AP does not belong to the organisation and it is also unmanageable because of the different configurations and without support by a specific tools in local area network. Thus, this has opened up the network and subjected it to many vulnerability related issues, for example intruders.

In relation to the above scenario, there should be a way to rectify the real problem of RAP, which is unknown to the network manager by using a special mechanism that has capabilities to detect RAPs in whatever event or situation [15, 16]. They are two types of LAN, namely wired and wireless. It can be considered that wired

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the thesis is for
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only

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